- (2)(i) A Bank shall not lend to a capital deficient member that has positive tangible capital if it receives written notice from the appropriate federal banking agency or insurer that the member's use of Bank advances has been prohibited. The Bank shall promptly provide the Finance Board with a copy of any such notice.
- (ii) A Bank may resume lending to such a capital deficient member if the Bank receives a written statement from the appropriate federal banking agency or insurer which re-establishes the member's ability to use advances.
- (e) Reporting. (1) Each Bank shall provide the Finance Board with a monthly report of the advances and commitments outstanding to each of its members.
- (2) Such monthly report shall be in a format or on a form prescribed by the Finance Board.
- (3) Each Bank shall, upon written request from a member's appropriate federal banking agency or insurer, provide to such entity information on advances and commitments outstanding to the member.
- (f) Members without federal regulators. In the case of members that are not federally insured depository institutions, the references in paragraphs (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this section to "appropriate federal banking agency or insurer" shall mean the member's state regulator acting in a capacity similar to an appropriate federal banking agency or insurer.
- (g) Advance commitments. (1) In the event that a member's access to advances from a Bank is restricted pursuant to this section, the Bank shall not fund outstanding commitments for advances not exercised prior to the imposition of the restriction. This requirement shall apply to all advance commitments made by a Bank after August 25, 1993.
- (2) Each Bank shall include the stipulation contained in paragraph (g)(1) of this section as a clause in either:
- (i) The written advances agreement required by §935.4(b)(2) of this part; or
- (ii) The written advances application required by §935.4(a) of this part.

[58 FR 29469, May 20, 1993, as amended at 59 FR 2949, Jan. 20, 1994]

§ 935.6 Terms and conditions for advances.

- (a) Advance maturities. Each Bank shall offer advances with maturities of up to ten years, and may offer advances with longer maturities consistent with the safe and sound operation of the Bank.
- (b) Advance pricing—(1) General. Each Bank shall price its advances to members taking into account the following factors:
- (i) The marginal cost to the Bank of raising matching maturity funds in the marketplace; and
- (ii) The administrative and operating costs associated with making such advances to members.
- (2) Differential pricing. (i) Each Bank may, in pricing its advances, distinguish among members based upon its assessment of:
- (A) The credit and other risks to the Bank of lending to any particular member: or
- (B) Other reasonable criteria that may be applied equally to all members.
- (ii) Each Bank shall include in the advances policy required by §935.3(a) of this part, standards and criteria for such differential pricing and shall apply such standards and criteria consistently and without discrimination to all members applying for advances.
- (3) Affordable Housing Program advances. The advance pricing policies and procedures contained in paragraph (b)(1) of this section shall not apply in the case of a Bank's AHP advances made pursuant to part 960 of this chapter
- (c) Authorization for pricing advances. (1) A Bank's board of directors, a committee thereof, or the Bank's president, if so authorized by the Bank's board of directors, shall set the rates of interest on advances consistent with paragraph (b) of this section.
- (2) A Bank president authorized to set interest rates on advances pursuant to this paragraph (c) may delegate any part of such authority to any officer or employee of the Bank.
- (d) *Putable advances*—(1) *Disclosure.* A Bank that offers a putable advance to a member shall disclose in writing to such member the type and nature of the risks associated with putable advance funding. The disclosure should

include detail sufficient to describe such risks.

- (2) Replacement funding. If a Bank terminates a putable advance prior to the stated maturity date of such advance, the Bank shall offer to provide replacement funding to the member.
- (i) *Term to maturity.* At the option of the member, a Bank shall offer replacement funding:
- (A) For the remaining term to maturity of the putable advance; or
- (B) For a term to maturity agreed upon between the Bank and the member.
- (ii) *Interest rate.* At the option of the member, a Bank shall price replacement funding:
 - (A) At the market rate of interest; or
- (B) At a predetermined rate of interest agreed upon between the Bank and the member.
- (iii) *Conversion.* For purposes of this part, replacement funding shall be considered the conversion of an outstanding advance, and shall not be considered the renewal of an existing advance or the extension of a new advance.
- (3) *Definition.* For purposes of this paragraph (d), the term *putable advance* means an advance that a Bank may, at its discretion, terminate and require the member to repay prior to the stated maturity date of the advance.

[58 FR 29469, May 20, 1993, as amended at 61 FR 52687, Oct. 8, 1996]

§935.7 Interest rates on Community Investment Program advances.

Each Bank shall price its CIP advances as provided in §935.6 of this part, provided that the cost of such CIP advances shall not exceed the Bank's cost of issuing consolidated obligations of comparable maturity, taking into account reasonable administrative costs

§935.8 Fees.

(a) Fees in advances policy. All fees charged by each Bank and any schedules or formulas pertaining to such fees shall be included in the Bank's advances policy required by §935.3(a) of this part. Any such fee schedules or formulas shall be applied consistently and without discrimination to all members.

- (b) Prepayment fees. (1) Each Bank shall establish and charge a prepayment fee pursuant to a specified formula which sufficiently compensates the Bank for providing a prepayment option on an advance, and which acts to make the Bank financially indifferent to the borrower's decision to repay the advance prior to its maturity date.
- (2) Prepayment fees are not required for:
- (i) Advances with original terms to maturity or repricing periods of six months or less;
- (ii) Advances funded by callable debt; or
- (iii) Advances which are otherwise appropriately hedged so that the Bank is financially indifferent to their prepayment.
- (3) The board of directors of each Bank, a designated committee thereof, or officers specifically authorized by the board of directors, may waive a prepayment fee only if such prepayment will not result in an economic loss to the Bank. Any such waiver must subsequently be ratified by the board of directors.
- (4) A Bank, in determining whether or not to waive a prepayment fee, shall apply consistent standards to all of its members.
- (c) *Commitment fees.* Each Bank may charge a fee for its commitment to fund an advance.
- (d) *Other fees.* Each Bank is authorized to charge other fees as it deems necessary and appropriate.

§935.9 Collateral.

- (a) Eligible security for advances. At the time of origination or renewal of an advance, each Bank shall obtain, and thereafter maintain, a security interest in collateral that meets the requirements of one or more of the following categories:
- (1) Mortgage loans and privately issued securities. (i) Fully disbursed, whole first mortgage loans on improved residential real property not more than 90 days delinquent; or
- (ii) Privately issued mortgage-backed securities, excluding the following:
- (A) Securities which represent a share of only the interest payments or only the principal payments from the underlying mortgage loans;